



FUTURE INTERNET AWARD Ghent, December 2010



Mobile Spatial Interaction

in the

Future Internet of Things

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Mobile Spatial Search 2D

Range Query (buffer radius or window) -Retrieve information about all surrounding objects

Nearest Neighbour Query

-Retrieve information about closest object only

Point-to-Select Query

-Retrieve information about an object by pointing at it

Field-of-View Query

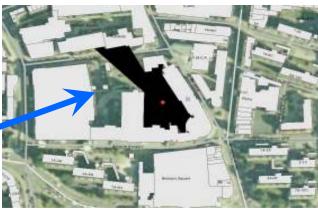
-Retrieve information about all objects in users FoV – with *hidden query removal* out to a specified distance (e.g. 100m)

2D Isovist Query

-Retrieve information about all visible objects in 360° with hidden query removal



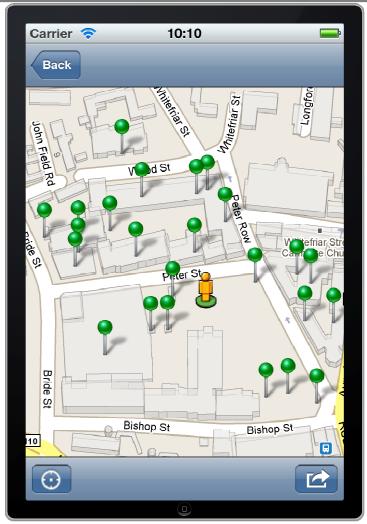








Reducing Information Overload with *Hidden Query Removal*



11:55 Carrier 🤝 Back Adelaide Square Apts4 Whitefria Carmelite

200m Range Query

200m Isovist Query



Mobile Spatial Search 3D



Point-to-Select 3D Query

Retrieve information about a particular floor/window/door of a building by pointing



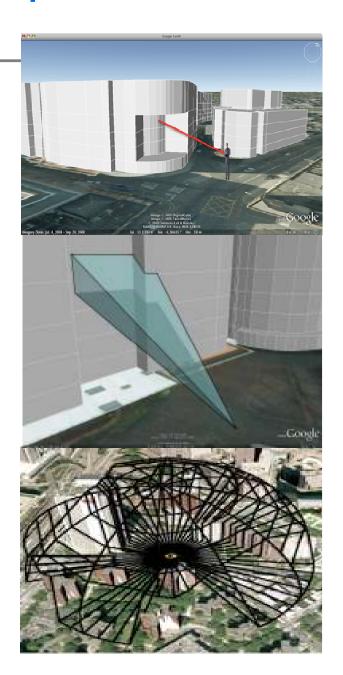
Field-of-View Frustum Query

Retrieve information about all objects in a users actual field-of-view *frustum* (vertical & horizontal) - with *hidden query removal*



Threat Dome Query

Retrieve information about all visible objects within a 360 degree 3D buffer out to a specified distance – with *hidden query removal*





Contribution & Benefits

A military style *threat dome* query calculation for *smartphones* to **reduce information overload** and give a **more accurate and expected query result** in added-value LBS applications

3DQ Features

- hidden query removal in 360° 3D
- off-the-shelf mobile devices
- Camera FoV query shape (frustum)
- Elevation of user and 3D cityscape taken into account





~ Next Phase ~ June 2011 - May 2013

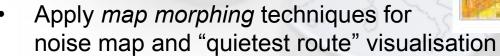
Mobile Citizen as Sensor:

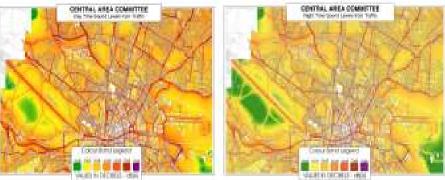
- Extend the 3DQ prototype to 3D datasets of NUIM and Dublin City
 - populated with links to university and city specific meta-data
 (e.g. class schedules, office/lab locations, weather/air pollution sensors, etc.)

Develop core data handling architecture to support sensor data collection and

visualisation on Smartphones

 Initial target sensors are noise levels (mic) and light levels (camera).





Day and Night Noise Maps of Dublin City Centre

Position 3DQ as a mobile sensor web data mining tool that supports efficient capture and convenient analysis of a variety of Future Internet data feeds
 e.g. CO₂,NO₂ observations for calculating "cleanest route" visualisations, etc.

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Thank You!

more information at ...

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